ON THE TREATMENT OF DISCONTINUITIES IN BEAM DEFLECTION PROBLEMS*

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In Mr. C. L. Brown's note on the treatment of discontinuities in beam deflection problems (Quarterly of Applied Mathematics, 1, 349–351), the last term of Eq. (7) is written in the form

$$-PH_a(x-b)$$
.

Before Eq. (4) can be applied, however, this term must be put in the form

$$-PH_a(x-a)-PH_a(a-b).$$

This allows Eq. (7) to be written in the form

$$EI_1 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{Px}{2} - PH_b(x-b) - \frac{P}{2} H_a(x-a) + \frac{P}{2} (2b-a)H_a$$

and gives, in place of Eq. (8),

$$EI_{1}y = \frac{Px^{3}}{12} - PH_{b}\frac{(x-b)^{3}}{6} - \frac{P}{2}H_{a}\frac{(x-a)^{3}}{6} + \frac{P}{2}(2b-a)H_{a}\frac{(x-a)^{2}}{2} + C_{1}x + C_{2}.$$

Then

$$C_1 = -\frac{P}{12h} [3b^3 + (2b-a)^3], \qquad C_2 = 0.$$

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