1053-13-47 Adam Van Tuyl* (avantuyl@lakeheadu.ca), Department of Mathematical Sciences, Lakehead University, Thunder Bay, Ontario P7B5E1, Canada. Sequentially Cohen-Macaulay Bipartite Graphs.

Let G be a finite simple graph with vertex set $V_G = \{x_1, \ldots, x_n\}$ and edge set E_G . Associate to G its edge ideal in the ring $R = k[x_1, \ldots, x_n]$, that is, the ideal $I(G) = (x_i x_j \mid \{x_i, x_j\} \in E_G)$. We say that G is (sequentially) Cohen-Macaulay graph if the corresponding coordinate ring R/I(G) is also (sequentially) Cohen-Macaulay. In this talk we consider the case of sequentially Cohen-Macaulay graphs under the extra hypothesis that G is bipartite. We show that the set of sequentially Cohen-Macaulay bipartite graphs is precisely the set of bipartite graphs whose independence complexes are vertex decomposable. We also give a formula for the Castelnuovo-Mumford regularity of R/I(G) in terms of the invariants of G. (Received July 20, 2009)