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Mrinal K Roychowdhury\* (mrinal@math.colostate.edu), Dept of Mathematics, University of North Texas, P.O. Box 311430, Denton, TX 76203-1430. Any two irreducible Markov chains are finitarily orbit equivalent.

Two invertible dynamical systems  $(X, \mathfrak{A}, \mu, T)$  and  $(Y, \mathfrak{B}, \nu, S)$  where X, Y are metrizable spaces and T, S are homeomorphisms on X and Y, are said to be finitarily orbit equivalent if there exists an invertible measure preserving mapping  $\phi$  from a subset  $X_0$  of X of full measure to a subset  $Y_0$  of Y of full measure such that  $\phi|_{X_0}$  is continuous in the relative topology on  $X_0, \phi^{-1}|_{Y_0}$  is continuous in the relative topology on  $Y_0$  and  $\phi(\operatorname{Orb}_T(x)) = \operatorname{Orb}_S \phi(x)$  for  $\mu$ -a.e.  $x \in X$ . In this article a finitary orbit equivalence mapping is shown to exist between any two irreducible Markov chains. (Received August 05, 2007)