1037-92-320 Naohiro Kato* (kato@lsu.edu), 226 Life Sciences Building, LSU, Baton Rouge, LA 70803, and Yukichi Fujikawa (fujikawa@lsu.edu), 230 Life Sciences Building, LSU, Baton Rouge, LA 70803. Global mapping of SNARE-SNARE interactions in Arabidopsis thaliana. Preliminary report.

Vesicle trafficking is essential for cellular development and for maintaining cell homeostasis in all eukaryotes. The fusion process is mediated by interactions among membrane-associated proteins called SNAREs (soluble Nethylmaleimide-sensitive fusion protein attachment protein receptors). Genomic analysis suggests that higher plants and vertebrates carry divergent SNAREs in addition to the conserved SNAREs found among the eukaryotes.

The long-term goal of this project is to solve the network of SNARE-SNARE interactions in eukaryotic cells. We wish to identify new vesicle trafficking pathways that are activated by phytohormone in Arabidopsis thaliana. A draft map of the SNARE-SNARE interactions will be created using split luciferase in Arabidopsis protoplasts. SNARE complexes predicted will be genetically tested.

We HYPOTHESIZE that phytohormones activate selected SNARE-SNARE interactions that generate new pathways of vesicle trafficking in Arabidopsis. Our current GOAL is to predict such SNARE complexes in over 55,000 interactions.

A progress of the project and a mathematical challenge "levels of confidence in fold changes" will be presented in this meeting. (Received February 05, 2008)