## 1077-43-916 Sigurdur Helgason\* (helgason@mit.edu), 5 Benton Road, Belmont, MA 02478. Orbital Integrals, applications and problems.

On a Lorentzian manifold G/H of constant curvature K and dimension 2m we proved in 1959 an inversion formula for the H-orbital integrals. In continuation of this, Schlichtkrull and Schimming deduced that each operator L-K(2m - k)(k -1) (k= 3,5,... 2m-1, L the Laplacian) satisfies Huygens' principle. In an important paper (Springer Lect. Notes 1243) J.Orloff extended the above inversion formula to a non Riemannian symmetric space G/H of rank one. Under additional assumptions, similar conclusions follow for the Laplacian L + constant. On a Euclidean space the spherical average operator is well known to satisfy the Darboux Equation. We extend this to H-orbital integrals on the rank one space D/H mentioned above. We shall also discuss in special cases the relationship of the Plancherel formula for G and G/H to H-orbital integrals. (Received September 14, 2011)