1077-11-659Brandt Kronholm* (jkronhol@whittier.edu), Brandt Kronholm, Whittier College, 13406 E.Philadelphia St., Whittier, CA 90608-0634. New Ramanujan Congruence Properties of the
Restricted Partition Function p(n,m) Modulo Prime Powers.

Ramanujan-type congruences for the unrestricted partition function p(n) are well known and have been studied in great detail. p(n,m) is the restricted partition function that enumerates the number of partitions of n into exactly m parts.

The close relationship between p(n) and p(n,m) is clear:

$$p(n) = p(n, 1) + p(n, 2) + \dots + p(n, n-1) + p(n, n).$$

Let ℓ be any odd prime. The existence of several infinite families of Ramanujan-type congruences for $p(n, \ell)$ have recently been established for all prime power moduli and surprisingly for all n. In this talk we focus our attention not solely on n but on m, the number of parts for several intriguing results.

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