1077-05-2127 Bonnie C. Jacob and Jobby Jacob* (jxjsma@rit.edu). From sum optimal to max optimal graph rankings.
Given a graph $G$, and a non-negative integer $a$, a function $f: V(G) \rightarrow\{a, a+1, \ldots, b\}$ is an $[a, b]$-ranking of $G$ if for $u, v \in V(G), f(u)=f(v)$ implies that every $u v$ path contains a vertex $w$ such that $f(w)>f(u)$. That is, $f$ is an [a,b]-ranking of $G$ if and only if the function defined by $g(v)=f(v)-a+1$ is a $k$-ranking of $G$.

We use this generalization of $k$-rankings to explore $l_{p}$ norm optimality for all positive integers $p$ and for $p=\infty$. The $l_{\infty}$ optimality produces the rank number of a graph when $a=1$. We will discuss the effect of different $l_{p}$ norms on optimal rankings of graphs. (Received September 21, 2011)

