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James E Gossell* (JEG84240@ucmo.edu), Mathematics and Computer Science, W. C. Morris 222, University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg, MO 64093, and Peter Johnson, Auburn University. A Geometric Extremal Result for Cubic Arrays.

Imagine a game in which your goal is to select as many points as you can from an $n \times n$ square lattice in \mathbb{Z}^2 . There is just one rule: No three points in your selected set may form a right triangle. For $n \ge 2$ you will find that you can pick up to 2n - 2 points from the lattice without forming any right triangles. But try as you may, it is impossible to avoid forming a right triangle if you pick at least 2n - 1 points.

In this talk, we will examine a 3-dimensional variation to this game: How many points can you pick from an $n \times n \times n$ cubic lattice in \mathbb{Z}^3 without forming a right triangle in any plane parallel to one of the coordinate planes? We will give a tight bound on the maximum number of points one can pick without forming such a right triangle. Several similar, but unsolved problems will also be mentioned. (Received September 20, 2011)