1021-42-234Leonid Slavin\* (slavin@math.uconn.edu), University of Connecticut, Dept of Math, 196Auditorium Road, U-3009, Storrs, CT 06269.The action of Riesz transforms on  $BMO(\mathbf{R}^n)$ : a<br/>Bellman function approach.

Riesz transforms  $R_k$  are building blocks for many singular integral operators, and so their action on various functional spaces has received much attention. In particular, the action is known to be dimensionless on  $L^p(\mathbf{R}^n)$  (the exact norms have been calculated). However, while it is known that each  $R_k$  maps BMO( $\mathbf{R}^n$ ) to itself, it is a long-standing conjecture that the corresponding norms are independent of dimension. Proving it it would immediately yield the corresponding result for  $H^1$  and, possibly, the weak (1, 1) type.

In recent years, norms of several Riesz transform-related singular integral operators have been estimated using the Bellman function approach. On the other hand, and this has also been exploited in recent work, the space BMO, with an equivalent  $L^2$ -based norm, gives rise to a convenient choice of Bellman variables, the starting point of any Bellman-function argument. These two considerations give hope that the Bellman function approach may work in this problem. This is a report on work in progress. (Received September 06, 2006)