Meeting: 1001, Evanston, Illinois, SS 14A, Special Session on Nonlinear Waves

1001-35-158 Jerry L. Bona, Shuming Sun and Bing-Yu Zhang* (bzhang@math.uc.edu), Deartment of Mathematical Sciences, University of Cincinnati, Cincinnati, OH 45221-0025. Beyond -3/4 for the Korteweg-de Vries Equation. Preliminary report.

Consider the Korteweg-de Vries (KdV) equation posed on the whole real line R. It is well-known now that its pure initial-value problem (IVP) is well-posed in the classical Sobolev space $H^s(R)$ for the index s no less than -3/4. When s < -3/4, the IVP is known to be (conditionally) ill-posed in the sesne that the corresponding solution map (if exists) cannot be uniformly continuous. In this talk we will discuss the KdV equation posed on a finite interval (a, b) with the non-homogeneous Dirichlet boundary conditions. It will be demonstrated that the associate initial-boundry-value problem is well-posed in the space $H^s(a, b)$ for s > -1. (Received August 23, 2004)